

QueerAlly-IDD: Supporting Intellectual Disability and Developmental Disability (ID/DD) individuals who identify as Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender, Queer, Questioning (LGBTQ+)

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Introduction

Many healthcare agencies struggle with how to provide holistic care that addresses the sexual needs of these individuals. However, the needs of individuals who identify as LGBTQ+ are not always met or managed by these agencies that provide care for these individuals. Inconsistent culturally congruent care and support for LGBTQ+ ID/DD individuals could contribute to increase in behavioral issues I the cohort, decrease staff satisfaction and retention, and increase unnecessary emergency room and hospitalizations.



Studies show that ID/DD individuals who identify as _GBTQ+ are less likely to be educated about their sexuality, lifestyle, or supported. Some of these individuals are less likely to have role models or opportunities to meet sexual partners. Due to cultural, societal, and personal beliefs, some staff members may not be willing to support these individuals' sexual

Aim

The proposed project aims to use quality improvement measures to develop staff education on support strategies for ID/DD individuals who identify as LGBTQ+ in group homes to reduce behavioral issues in the cohort. The guiding research question was based on the exploration of how implementing a supportive strategic education protocol for the group home staff that is evidence-based and culturally competent, compared to current practice will decrease behavioral issues in ID/DD individuals within five weeks.



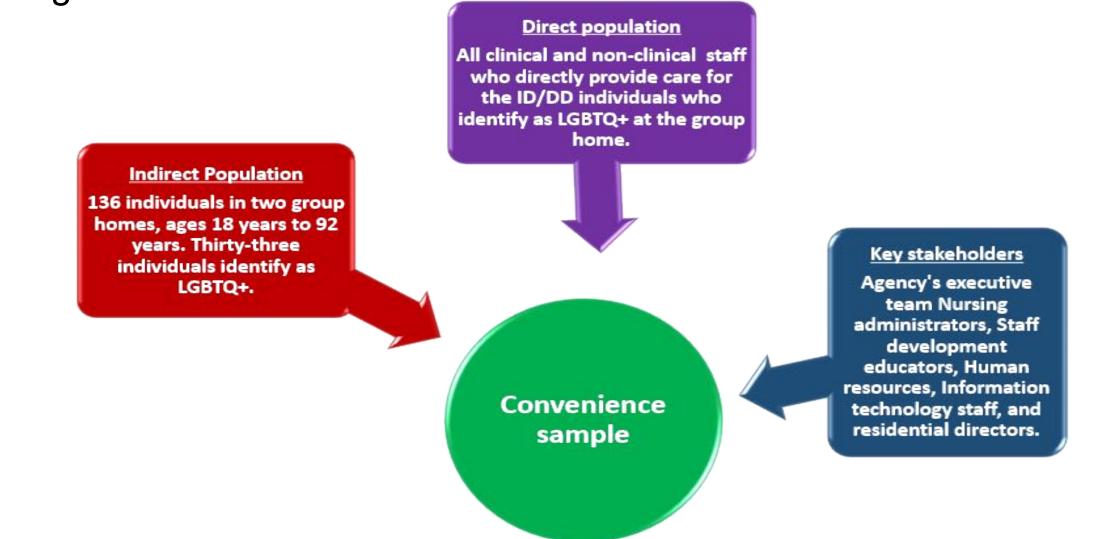




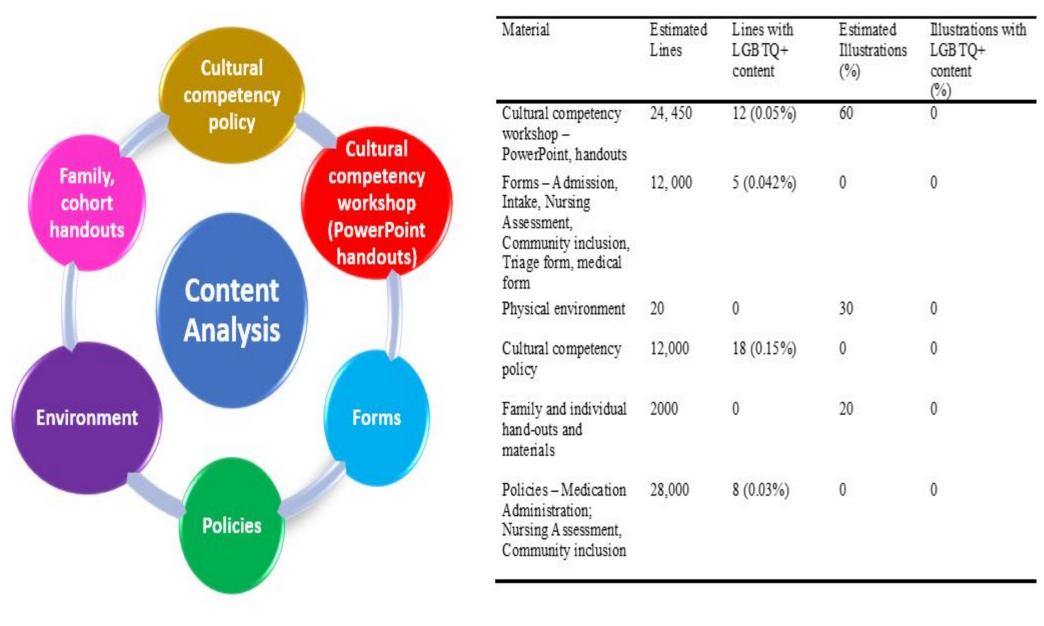


Method

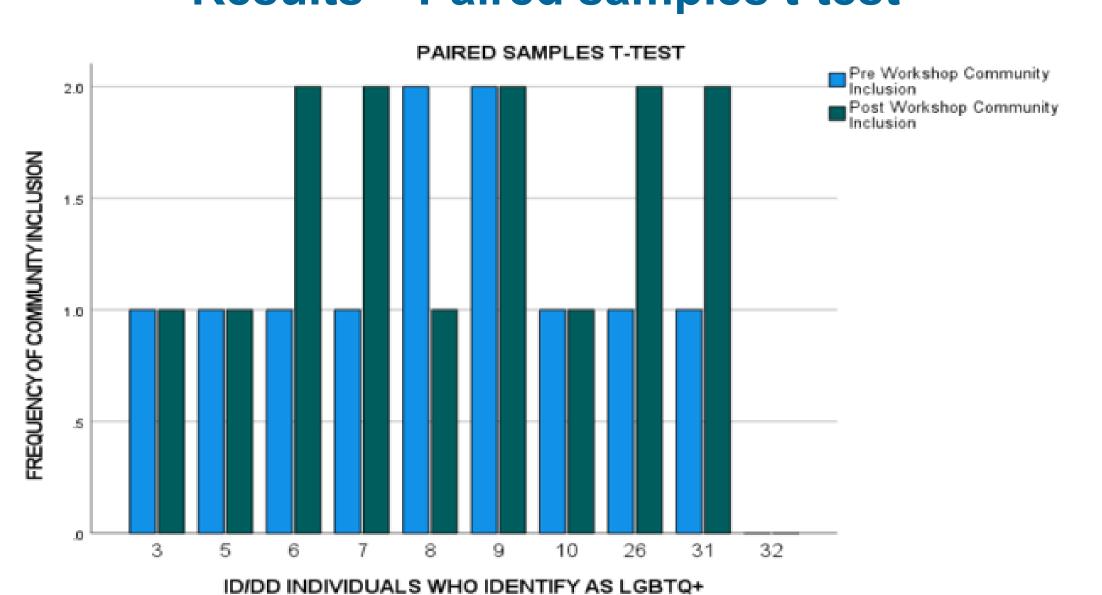
This study employed quality improvement measures. Data were collected from a convenience sample of the target population via post-workshop surveys adapted from the Knowledge about Homosexuality Questionnaire, pre-and-post community inclusion forms, review of agency's records and environment, and preand-post adverse behaviors of the cohort. Data were analyzed by content analysis, Statistical Package for the Social Sciences (SPSS) - Spearman's rho, paired-sample t-test, and Wilcoxon signed-rank test.



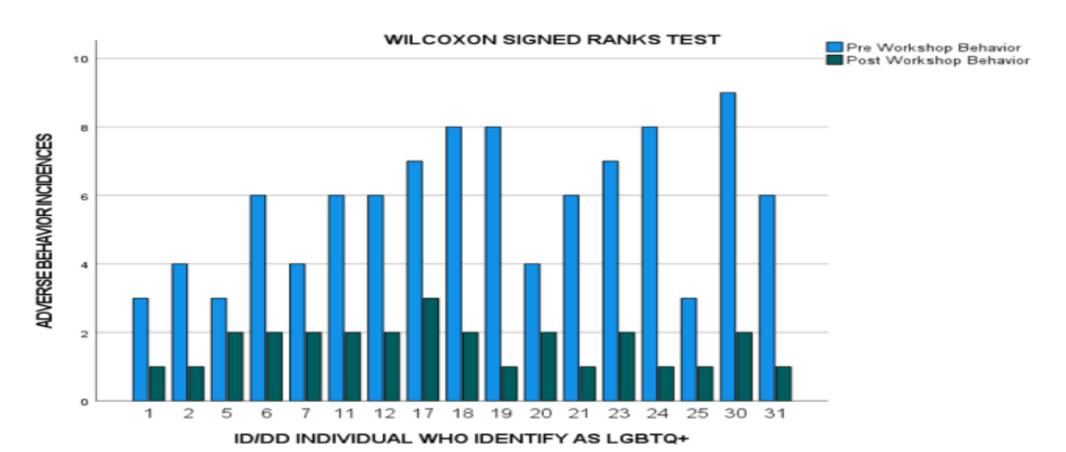
Results – Content Analysis



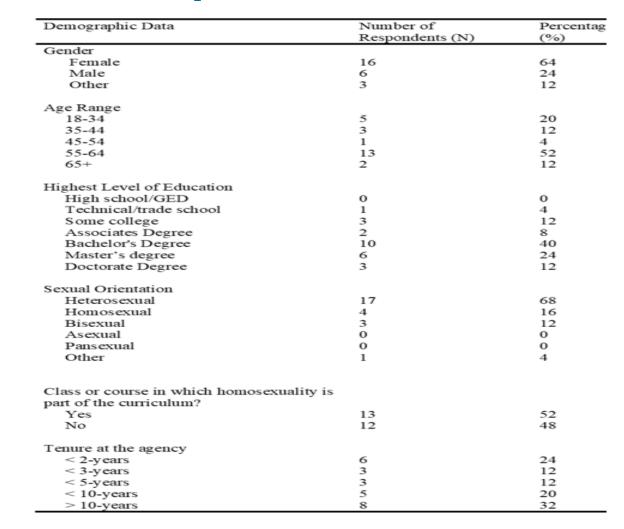
Results – Paired samples t-test



Results – Wilcoxon signed-rank test



Results- Descriptive and Secondary analysis



Discussion with Key Conclusions

There is a statistically significant decrease in the adverse behaviors exhibited by ID/DD individuals who identify as LGBTQ+ after the workshop compared to pre-workshop behaviors

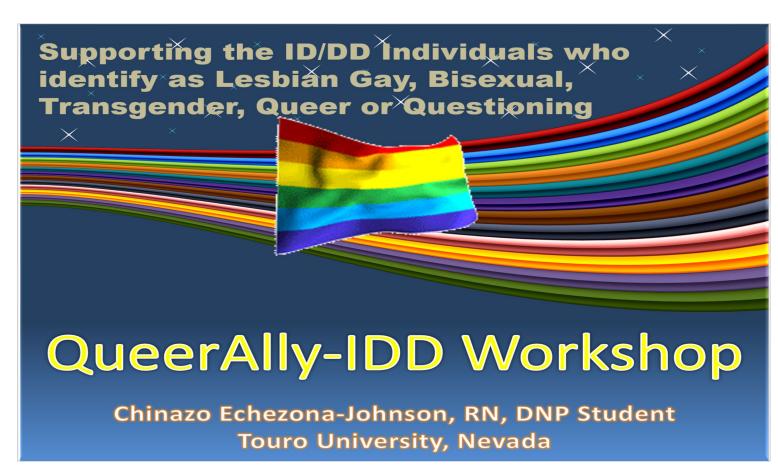
Agency's environment, documents, policies, and cultural competency workshop did not contain a significant number of words, symbols, pictures for words, or any phrase related to the care and support of the LGBTQ+ cohort

Workshop implementation had a small effect on the staff support to accompany the cohort members to LGBTQ+friendly sites compared to pre-workshop activities.

Significance/Implications for Nursing



Recommendations Use the project's interventions modify their to minimize environments. minority policies, and stress and forms to include revise the improve the evidence-based cultural cohort's information positive about the workshops for psychology cohort (PERMA model)



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